What is a Heiferette?

If you ask ten different cowboy experts, you will probably get ten different answers to the question "What is a heiferette?". The problem is cowboys are not meat experts and meat experts are not cowboys. Being a meat man and considering myself a cow buying expert, allow me to explain the heiferette dilemma.

Twenty years ago (1996), a female cow that was 48 months old with a moderate to modest amount of fat cover would have graded USDA choice. It could even have had a couple calves before it was slaughtered. A 48 month old choice heifer designation, now called a heiferette, ended sometime between 1996 and 2000. Since 1996, a choice heifer, according to the US government, could no longer be older than 42 months. Moreover, if the heifer is older than 30 months (a heifer with more than three incisor teeth), it gets derailed by the US inspector at the meat plant for backbone elimination. This backbone was cut out because of one old dairy cow having "mad cow disease" in Canada. I have not heard of a "mad cow" case in years.

According to numerous online sources, "Mad Cow Disease", the name given to bone spongiform encephalopathy (BSE), only affects cattle and not humans. It is unlikely that meats sold in the U.S. are contaminated with BSE since the tissues that carry the BSE agent are not consumed by humans. So it's clear that "Mad Cow regulation" is just another regulation that favored the meat packing monopoly and the elimination of the White small meat packer. It's interesting to note most of the Cattlemen's Associations favored this new regulation under the banner of food safety brain disease poppycock, which was put out by the Jew packer through their controlled media mouthpieces. We have a better chance of winning the Powerball Lottery than having one of our animals come down with "Mad Cow Disease".

The world's largest meat packer, JBS, docks the cowboy/farmer $100 a head if the animal has over two teeth (the permanent incisors) in its mouth. More than two incisor teeth assumes the heifer is over 30 months, because true chronological age is never really known. Take note, the USDA meat grader couldn't give a hoot how many teeth the animal has. The USDA meat grader and USDA veterinarian meat inspector are run by two different branches in the USDA. The USDA grader judges the age of the animal by the ossification of the buttons on the backbone of the heifer, while the veterinarian judges the animal by the tooth count. If the backbone is cut off before the grader grades the animal, how can he judge the probable age of a heifer?

Most people in the cattle business understand meat graders use the marbling in the rib eye to judge the quality of meat and the thoracic backbone, also referred to in layman's language as "buttons" for the maturity of the animal. But since you cannot see the marbling of the rib eye on a live animal, or the teeth, or the buttons, a cattle buyer judges the quality and age of a live heifer by unseen fat cover under her hide and her looks.

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What is a Heiferette?

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The problem I see with this twenty year old grading standard are the Jewish monopolists and their claimed expert cattle gurus, who wear shirts and ties at the Cattlemen's Associations, as well as the Beef Checkoff tax. A good piece of meat is now graded commercial and not USDA choice. Depending on the mood of the grader, he decides whether the animal is a heifer or a heiferette. The Zionist monopolists get to purchase several choice heifers at commercial price when the backbone is already cut out before being graded by the US meat grader.

Most meat connoisseurs agree the older the animal, the more flavor the animal has. (USDA's maturity classification was not associated with any detectable differences in tenderness). In years past, before the USDA was involved in grading beginning in 1924, and when four and five year old steers were shipped to Omaha and Chicago stockyards and meat plants, they graded as choice. They are now graded as hard bones and there is no market for a 40 month old steer or heifer, except mostly for hamburger meat. Veal or calf meat is not popular because it is tasteless. Also, the younger the animal the less marbling it generally has, regardless of what it has been fed. The best steak I have ever eaten came from a 5 year old (60 months) grass fat dry cow, that had an abundant amount of marbling and hung in my dad's meat cooler at the Rocky Mountain Packing Co. for a month.

At the end of the day, according to the meat monopolists, a heifer is younger than 30 months. A heiferette is between 31 and 42 months. That is unless you can slip a cow, (which is an animal older than 42 months), by on the outrail and get it graded choice. These animals were all graded choice prior to 1996. The meat grader judges the buttons on the outrail of the meat cooler, while the packer looks at the animal's teeth on the kill floor.

Further, in the cattlemen's arena, we now have rebreeds. Rebreeds are generally heifers and heiferettes which have lost a calf. So, according to some cowboys and cattle auctioneers, a heiferette can be anywhere from 2 1/2 to 5 years of age.

With Zulu power seemingly miraculously defeated at Blood River, the Boers were able to establish their goal of an independent Boer Republic of Natalia. As was to be a pattern for the next 60 years, the Jewish influenced British moved in and annexed the new territory.

Once again most of the Boers loaded their wagons and left for a second Great Trek- the Boers never believed in racial equality, just like the Whites in America, Europe and everywhere else at the time. The Whites adopted a paternalistic and caring approach to almost all non-Whites with whom they came into contact. This eventually led to the downfall of South Africa.

The British occupation of Natal saw the creation of large sugarcane plantations. At first trying to employ local Black labor to harvest crops, but unrest and theft caused the British to import thousands of laborers directly from India to do the work. The huge influx into Natal created the Indian population of South Africa, much the same as Asians were imported into Hawaii to work the sugarcane plantations and into California to work the gold mines during this same era.

Racial Attitudes

While always having had non-White servants and laborers- even taking them on the Great Trek- the Boers never believed in racial equality, just like the Whites in America, Europe and everywhere else at the time. The Whites adopted a paternalistic and caring approach to almost all non-Whites with whom they came into contact. This eventually led to the downfall of South Africa.

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The British were unexpectedly badly beaten by the Boer army in February of that year. Paul Kruger, one of the young leaders was elected president of the once again independent Boer republic in 1883.

The Second Anglo-Boer War 1899-1902
The discovery of gold in the southern Transvaal in 1886, caused a new wave of British and European Jews to come flooding in the Transvaal. In areas like Johannesburg, British and other non-Boer elements greatly outnumbered the Boer population.

The Boer Republic refused to grant the new immigrants voting rights, correctly foreseeing the loss of political power. This was the excuse for the Second Anglo-Boer war, the one remembered in the annals of history. The actually reason: gold and diamonds.

After protracted negotiations broke down between the British government at the Cape, headed by Cecil John Rhodes, agent for the Jewish Rothschilds, and the Boer president Paul Kruger, a small foreigner rebellion broke out in Johannesburg. Rhodes sent a small, private English militia to invade the Transvaal Republic. The rebellion and invasion were quickly suppressed by Boer forces, but the die was cast; war between the Boer Republics and Jewish controlled British were thereafter inevitable.

H. H. Beamish, a British author and critic of the the sinister Jewish influence internationally, wrote after serving in the 2nd Boer War "Many criticized a great power like Britain for trying to wipe out the Boers. Upon making inquiry, I found all the gold and diamond mines of South Africa were owned by Jews; that Rothschild controlled gold; Samuels controlled silver, Baum controlled other mining, and Moses controlled base metals. Anything these people touch they inevitably pollute."

After initially losing many battles to the Boers, the British brought in thousands upon thousands of soldiers. As the war dragged on, the Boers experienced defeat in their major cities due to overwhelming number of British troops. Rather than surrender as expected, the Boers became proficient in guerilla warfare tactics and waged a highly effective campaign of sabotage and raids against British forces. These hit and run tactics were spectacularly effective against the British and it has been estimated to have cost the British government 191 million pounds- a fortune by 1901 standards.

Today this would be termed "leaderless resistance". The Boer Commandos were free to come and go as they saw fit-leave to harvest fields and check on their families at any time. Every farm was a re-provisioning station for the commando and his tough Boer pony. This country-side supply line allowed the commando a bath, a bed and a meal as well as provisions for the next guerilla attack against the British.

Scorched Earth and Concentration Camps
When the British failed to conquer the Boers guerilla campaign, they resorted to the psychopathic destruction of the Boer farms to destroy the Boer supply line. As with the American South during Sherman's March to the Sea during the Civil War, Boer farms were burned and dynamited, the land salted and wells poisoned. The woman, children and elderly were rounded up and taken to 45 totally inadequate concentration camps.

The conditions in these tent camps were so appalling that historians say more than 28,000 women and children died of starvation and disease such as typhoid and cholera, a full 20% of the small population. Without these genocidal deaths the Boer population would have been 30% larger.

Not because they were beaten in battle, but because they realized they were fighting for their children, grandchildren and farms and would not have any if they continued to fight, the Boers surrendered. This heinous chapter in Anglo-Boer history would have received the same media blackout as the current homeless camps if it were not for a British activist and heroine Emile Hobhouse' exposés.

For all the news on the White Genocide in South Africa we recommend: http://radiofreesouthafrica.com
Tuesday, August 16, 2016 Market Report

A good run of weighups on a steady to lower market. Another big run of horses and very strong market. Yearling Sale here next Tuesday, August 23rd. Watch for the Bad River Fall Extravaganza Horse Sale on Saturday, September 24th.

**WEIGHT-UPS:**

**Nathan Barnes – Summerset**
- 1 Cow 1320 $84.00
- 2 Cows 1348 $80.50

**R & N Krogm an Family – White River**
- 1 Cow 1140 $80.50

**Howard Knappe – New Underwood**
- 1 Cow 1205 $80.00
- 1 Cowette 945 $90.00

**Blaine & Louann Krogm an – White River**
- 1 Bull 1720 $97.00
- 1 Bull 1735 $100.00

**Lyle Delbridge – Union Center**
- 1 Bull 1735 $100.00
- 1 Bull 1800 $99.00

**Steve McDaniel – Midland**
- 1 Cow 1130 $79.50
- 1 Bul 1685 $99.50

**Steve Krogman – White River**
- 1 Cow 1205 $80.00
- 1 Cows 1240 $75.00

**Blaine & Louann Krogm an – White River**
- 1 Cow 1340 $79.00
- 3 Cowettes 1180 $85.00

**Jef Wiley – Creighton**
- 1 Cow 1365 $78.50
- 1 Cow 1590 $75.50

**Bob Anderson**
- 1 Bull 1605 $98.00
- 1 Bull 1680 $97.00

**Baxter Anderson**
- 1 Bull 1705 $97.50

**Crane Bull 1815$ 96.50**

**Elbert Hicks – Allen**
- 1 Cow 1680 $76.00
- 1 Cow 1680 $97.00

**H & T Bies Cattle Co – Rapid City**
- 1 Cow 1333 $77.00
- 1 Cow 1355 $77.00
- 1 Cowette 945 $90.00

**Crawley Cattle Company – Philip**
- 1 Cow 1350 $74.00
- 1 Cow 1470 $75.00

**Burl Barber – New Underwood**
- 1 Bull 2085 $96.00
- 1 Bull 2000 $98.00

**Danneil Cobb - Red Owl**
- 1 Cow 1335 $77.50
- 1 Cow 1355 $77.00

**Jerry Stout – Kadoka**
- 1 Cow 1355 $77.00
- 1 Bull 1740 $97.00

**Stephen Rogins – Kadoka**
- 2 Cows 1333 $77.00
- 1 Bull 1680 $95.00

**Don Ravellette – Philip**
- 1 Cow 1320 $77.00

**Jordan Stout – Kadoka**
- 1 Cow 1680 $76.50

**Marva Hicks – Martin**
- 1 Cow 1580 $76.50
- 1 Cow 1453 $76.50

**Dan Lewis – Rapid City**
- 1 Cow 1580 $76.50
- 1 Cows 1269 $76.50

**Don Ravellette – Philip**
- 1 Cow 1320 $77.00
- 1 Cow 1355 $77.00
- 1 Bull 1740 $97.00

**Delbert Hicks – Allen**
- 1 Cow 1202 $75.00
- 1 Cow 1580 $76.50

**Mariah Krogm an – White River**
- 1 Cow 1670 $76.50
- 1 Cows 1269 $76.50

**Bill Koegman – White River**
- 1 Cow 1590 $76.50
- 1 Cows 1269 $76.50

**Cliff Krogm an – White River**
- 1 Cow 1453 $76.50
- 1 Cows 1269 $76.50

**Perry Guptill – Interior**
- 1 Cow 1230 $74.50

**Nick Caspers – New Underwood**
- 1 Cow 1530 $74.00

**Rocky Williams – Philip**
- 1 Cow 1400 $74.00
- 1 Bull 1745 $95.00

**Larry Smith – Philip**
- 1 Bull 2115 $97.50
- 1 Bull 1905 $97.50

**Clark Alleman – Hayes**
- 1 Bull 1910 $97.50
- 1 Bull 1680 $96.00

**Phelip Livestock Auction**

**Thank You for Your Business!!**
The Stampedede News.net                               Volume 5 No. 8                                Monday, August 22, 2016                           Weekly News

**Thursday, August 25th**

**Yearling & Fall Calf Special**

**Selling All Classes of Cattle**

**Expecting 2000 Feeders**

**Advanced Consignments:**

- **Yearlings**
  - Jenson Rch - SD
  - 40 Blk mostly hfrs-ultrasound tested open, HR 850-950#
  - Brownfield Ranch - MT
  - 20 Bwf & hfr hfrs - No Imp, HR 850-900#
  - Wayne Nelson - SD
  - 15 Blk hfrs - ultrasound tested open 1000#
  - Bill Lewis - SD
  - 12 Blk strs 700#
  - Brownfield - MT
  - 11 Bwf strs-NI, HR 975#

- **Fall Calves**
  - Brandon Ackerman - WY
  - 140 Blk mx fall cfs - bv, Ni, HR 750-850#
  - Dave Hayden - MT
  - 30 Blk mx fall cfs - PC, Ni, HR 700#
  - Ben Garman - MT
  - 23 Blk mx fall cfs - PC, weaned 700-750#

**Belle Fourche Market Report for August 18th**

**Yearlings consisted of mostly Open Heifers. Weigh-Up Market real strong. Thanks for Marketing with Belle Fourche Livestock Auction!**

**Fall Bred Stock**

- 16 BLK BRD HFR 1,315 $1,700.00
- 10 BLK BRD COW 360Y 150 $1,650.00

**Fall Calves**

- 18 BLK BWF STR 714 $1,525.75
- 15 BLK BWF HFR 628 $1,485.00
- 10 BLK BWF STR 560 $1,502.00
- 9 CH A R X HFR 675 $1,570.00

**Breeder Cattle**

- 18 BLACK HFR 1,059 $1,502.00
- 18 BLACK HFR 1,010 $1,502.00
- 18 BLACK HFR 1,009 $1,502.00

**Feeder Cattle**

- 17 BLK HFR 1,020 $1,550.00
- 17 BLK HFR 1,008 $1,550.00
- 17 BLK HFR 1,007 $1,550.00

**Sale Day Every Thursday! Special Sales as Advertised.**

**UPCOMING SALES**

- **Aug 25th ~** Yearling & Fall Calf Special Selling All Classes of Cattle
- **Sept 1st ~** Yearling & Spring Calf Special Selling All Classes of Cattle
- **Sept 8th ~** Anniversary Special Yearling & Fall Calf & Spring Calf Special
- **Sept 9th ~** Weigh Up Cattle
- **Sept 15th ~** Yearling & Spring Calf Special Selling All Classes of Cattle
- **Sept 22nd ~** Spring Calf & Yearling Special Selling All Classes of Cattle
- **Sept 29th ~** Special All-Breed Calf Sale Selling All Classes of Cattle
- **Oct 6th ~** Yearling & All Breed Calf Sale
- **Oct 7th ~** Weigh-Up Cattle Sale
- **Oct 13th ~** Special All Breed Calf Sale
- **Oct 14th ~** Weigh-Up Cattle Sale
COWS/BULLS TREND LOWER

I have this gut feeling that we haven’t seen anything yet, i.e., the ten year record low cattle prices are just a taste of what is coming. There have been a record number of bulls hitting the market this summer. That means the cows are still out there with their calves. The Jews have control of the pipeline with a couple cow/bull slaughtering plants. They will continually lower the prices as the fall run gains momentum.

St. Onge called their weigh-up market “fully steady” with two weeks ago. Belle Fourche reported the weigh-up market “real strong.” The USDA called the slaughter cows and bulls at Torrington two dollars lower. It looks like Crawford Livestock is so embarrassed of its market that Jack Hunter refuses to report it in the Stampedes or on the internet for that matter.

The top bull in Belle Fourche brought $107, and I bought several bulls at St. Onge for $103. According to the USDA it took a damn good bull to bring a buck at Torrington. I don’t know what the bulls brought at Crawford, but I would bet my bottom dollar, it was nowhere close to the northern market.

It is a fact that cowboys bringing their cattle in from Wyoming to Crawford get a double brand tax. Aside from lack of buyer competition in Western Nebraska, this double taxation probably is the reason Belle Fourche and St. Onge get a lot more of the Wyoming cattle.

If I was Jack Hunter, I would not allow this type of blatant tax discrimination from both Nebraska and Wyoming government brand employees. I would sue them in a heart beat. Of course Hunter’s roots go back to the days of the posse comitatus that invaded Johnson County and hung the squatters, and then made brand inspection part of the government police state.

In the hills, Bob Mackee deserves credit for keeping the fleshy cows around that $80.00 mark.

I did bid on a lot of livestock, only to come in second place, except for a couple three loads. JBS’s own Rod Brown was a different fellow from his last appearance at Belle Fourche, and he struggled to get a load out of there. It appears he’s received instructions from the synagogue to tone it down.

If you want to get the real cattle market news and other news stories related to our Western culture, don’t miss an issue of The Stampedes. We tell it like it is.

Rudy “Butch” Stanko

Proposed Law to Protect Ranchers

Greg Walden, representing Oregon’s 2nd congressional district which includes Harney County has introduced a bill that if passed would bar prosecution of ranchers and farmers under the terrorism statutes for proscribed fires and other agricultural practices. However Walden was, at best, weak in fighting the prosecution of Oregon father and son ranchers Dwight and Stephen Hammond, currently serving five years so the feds can steal their uranium rich ranch.

The bill was co-sponsored by congressmen Raul Labrador of Idaho, Dan Newhouse of Washington and Paul Gosar of Arizona.

This spring, Gosar sparred with BLM czar Neil Kornze during a hearing about the White House’ western land grabs using the Antiquities Act. Kornze, showing obvious defiance, stonewalled Gosar with misleading answers to simple questions.

Obama has abused the Antiquities Act to lock up more than three million acres of land in the West.


Govtrack only gives it a 1% chance of passing- so call, write and email your representatives. Create a ground swell. If you were the Hammonds, Bundys or Finicums, you’d appreciate the support. Besides, the rancher this saves may be you.

The Fourteen Words

We must secure the existence of our People and A Future for White Children.

David Lane
Monday, August 22
56th Anniversary & Appreciation Day Sale
Selling both sheep & cattle
Sale time 10:00 expecting
2,000-2,500 yearlings, 1500 lambs

Consignments:
Smith 340 spay blk & char x heifers 750-850#
Smith 160 blk & char x steers 8-900#
Fischbach 600 spay blk & bldy heifers 8-850#
Dietterle 130 angus steers HR 9-950#
Palmer 250 blk & bldy steers 850-900#
Wilcox 115 spay blk & bldy heifers 800#
Longwood 90 hereford steers HR 8-950#
Hawks 60 hereford steers 950#
Harris 60 hereford steers HR 750-850#
Jordan 65 angus steers HR 9-950#
Overland 70 blk & red mixed yearlings 7-800#
Lastovika 70 angus steers 750#
Palm er 250 blk & bldy steers 850-900#
W ilcox 115 spay blk & bldy heifers 800#
Longwood 90 hereford steers HR 9-950#
H arris 60 hereford steers HR 750-850#
Jordan 65 angus steers HR 9-950#
Overland 70 blk & red mixed yearlings 7-800#
Lastovika 70 angus steers 750#
Palmer 250 blk & bldy steers 850-900#
W ilcox 115 spay blk & bldy heifers 800#

More yearlings & lambs expected by sale time.
Upcoming Cattle Sales

Friday Aug. 26 – Yearling Special
- Selling All Classes of Cattle
Friday Sept. 2 – Weigh-Up Special
- Selling All Classes of Cattle
Friday Sept. 9 – Yearling Special
- Selling All Classes of Cattle
Friday Sept. 16 – Weigh-Up Special
- Selling All Classes of Cattle
Friday Sept. 23 - Spring Calf & Yearling Special - Selling All Classes of Cattle
Friday Sept. 30 - Spring Calf & Yearling Special - Selling All Classes of Cattle

Upcoming Sheep Sales

Aug. 25 – Feeder Lamb Special - Selling All Classes of Sheep & Goats
Sept. 1 – Feeder Lamb Special - Selling All Classes of Sheep & Goats
Sept. 8 – Feeder Lamb Special - Selling All Classes of Sheep & Goats
Sept.. 15 – Annual Bred Ewe, Ewe Lamb & Feeder Lamb Special - Customer Appreciation BBQ - Selling All Classes of Sheep & Goats

ST. ONGE LIVESTOCK HAY AUCTION

SEPTEMBER 2, 2016 AT 4:30 PM

TO CONSIGN CALL US AT: 1-800-249-1995

ST. ONGE LIVESTOCK MARKET REPORT 8/19/2016

OVER 1200 HD TODAY. YEARLINGS SOLD STEADY. WEIGH UP COWS & BULLS FULLY STEADY.
THANKS FOR MARKETING AT ST. ONGE LIVESTOCK!!!